

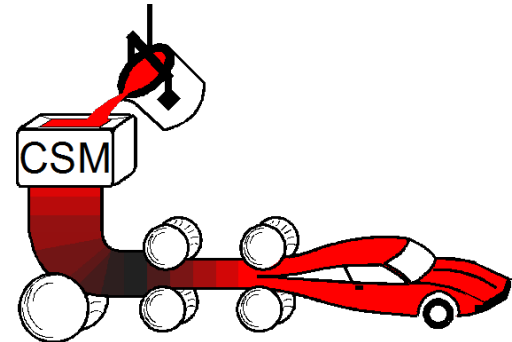
# Quenching and Partitioning: *Science and Technology*

by

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and David Edmonds<sup>2</sup>**

**<sup>1</sup>Colorado School of Mines and <sup>2</sup>University of Leeds**

July 23, 2013



Advanced  
Steel  
Processing  
and  
Products  
Research  
Center

**aspprc**

# Acknowledgements

## INSPIRATION FROM GIANTS OF THE LITERATURE:

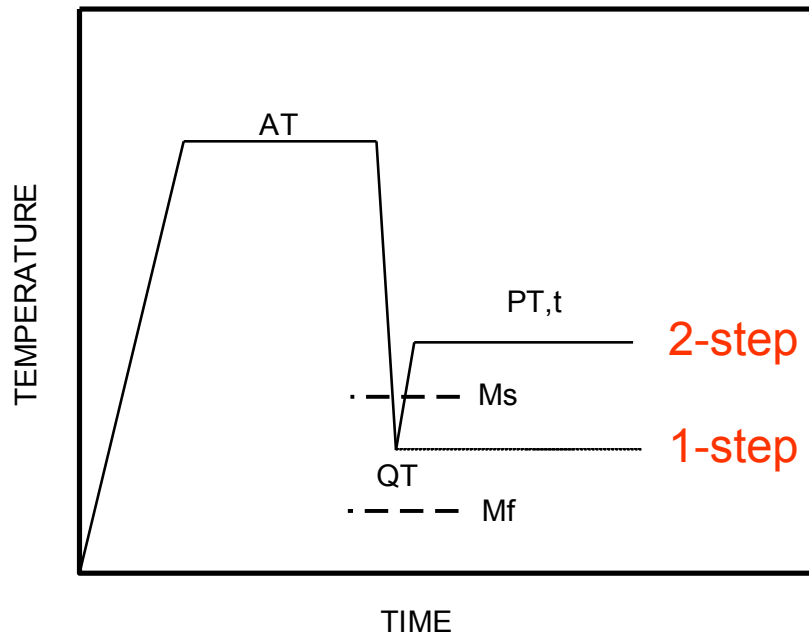
- TRIP (Olson, Cohen *et al.*)
- Bainite (Bhadeshia, Edmonds, Christian *et al.*)
- Martensite and Tempering (Krauss, Cohen *et al.*)
- Thermodynamics and Diffusion (Hillert, Aaronson, Ågren *et al.*)

## COLLABORATORS AND STUDENTS:

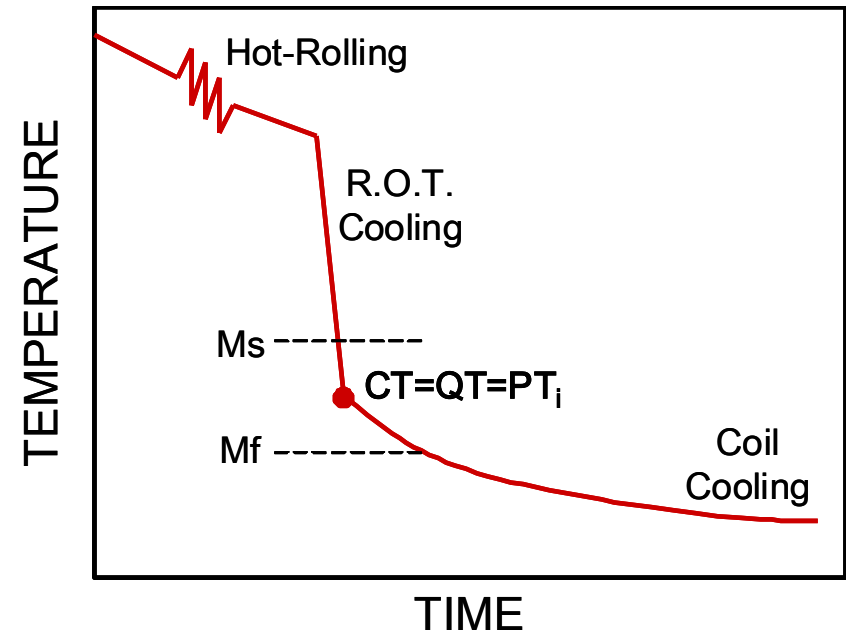
- too numerous to mention !

**A Little Background...**

# “Q&P” - A “New” Concept for Control of Retained Austenite

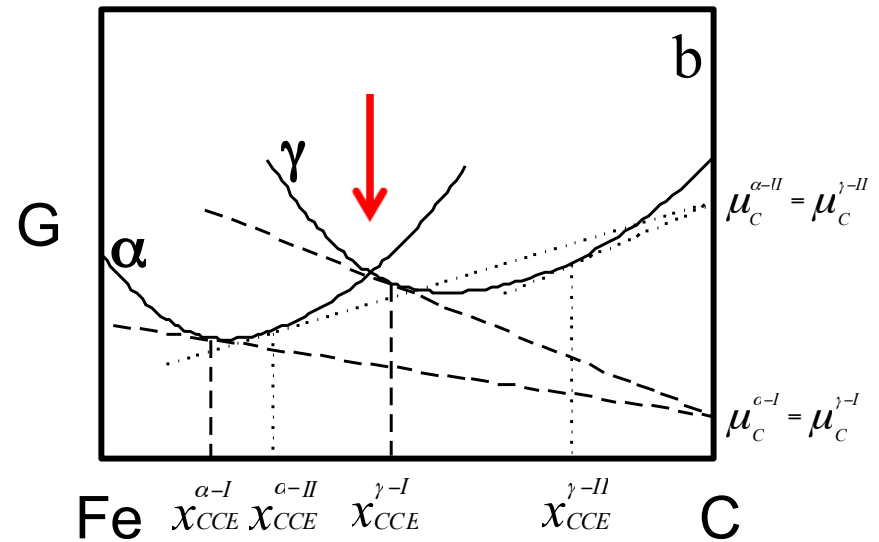
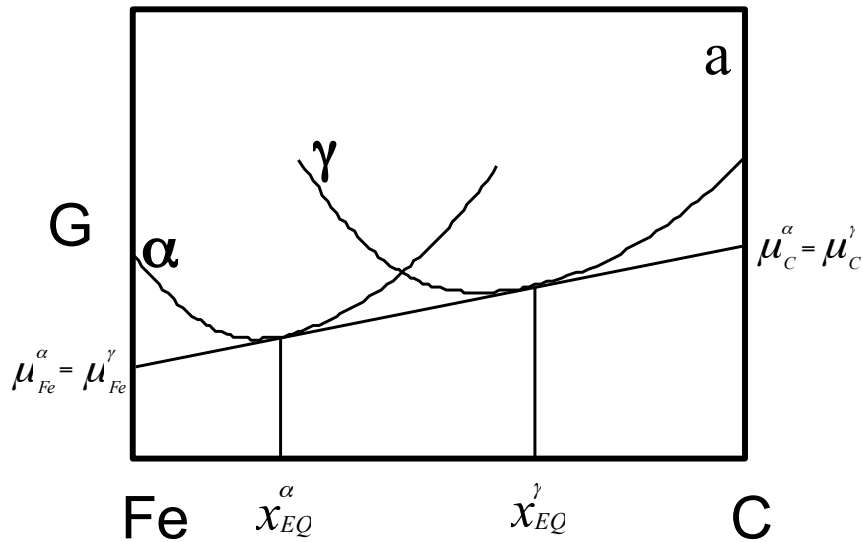


Speer *et al.*, 2003

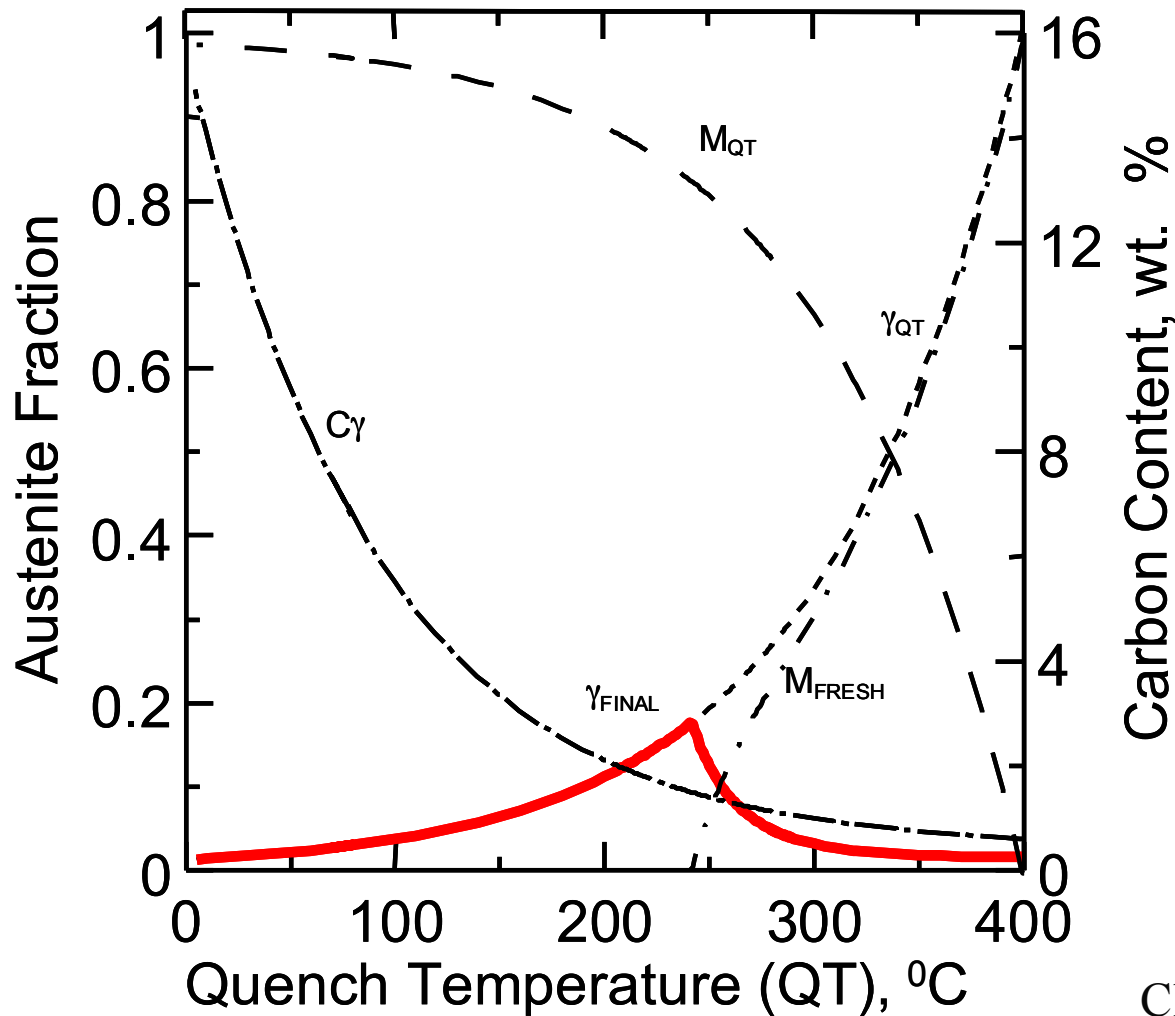


Thomas *et al.*, 2008, 2011

# “Interesting” Levels of Austenite Carbon Enrichment May be Possible

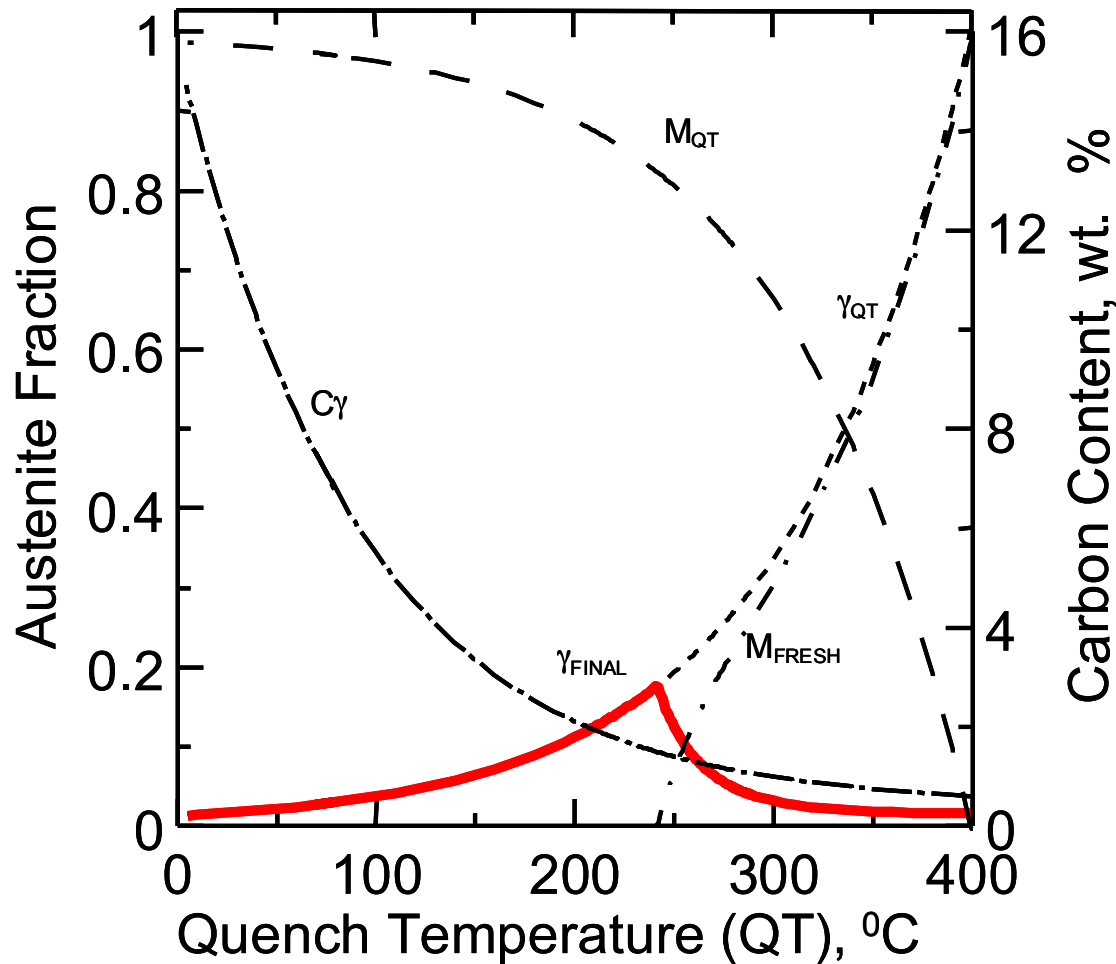


# Process Design Methodology and “Ideal Quench Temperature”



Clarke, 2006. (0.19C-1.59Mn-1.63Si)

# Key Assumptions for Simple Model

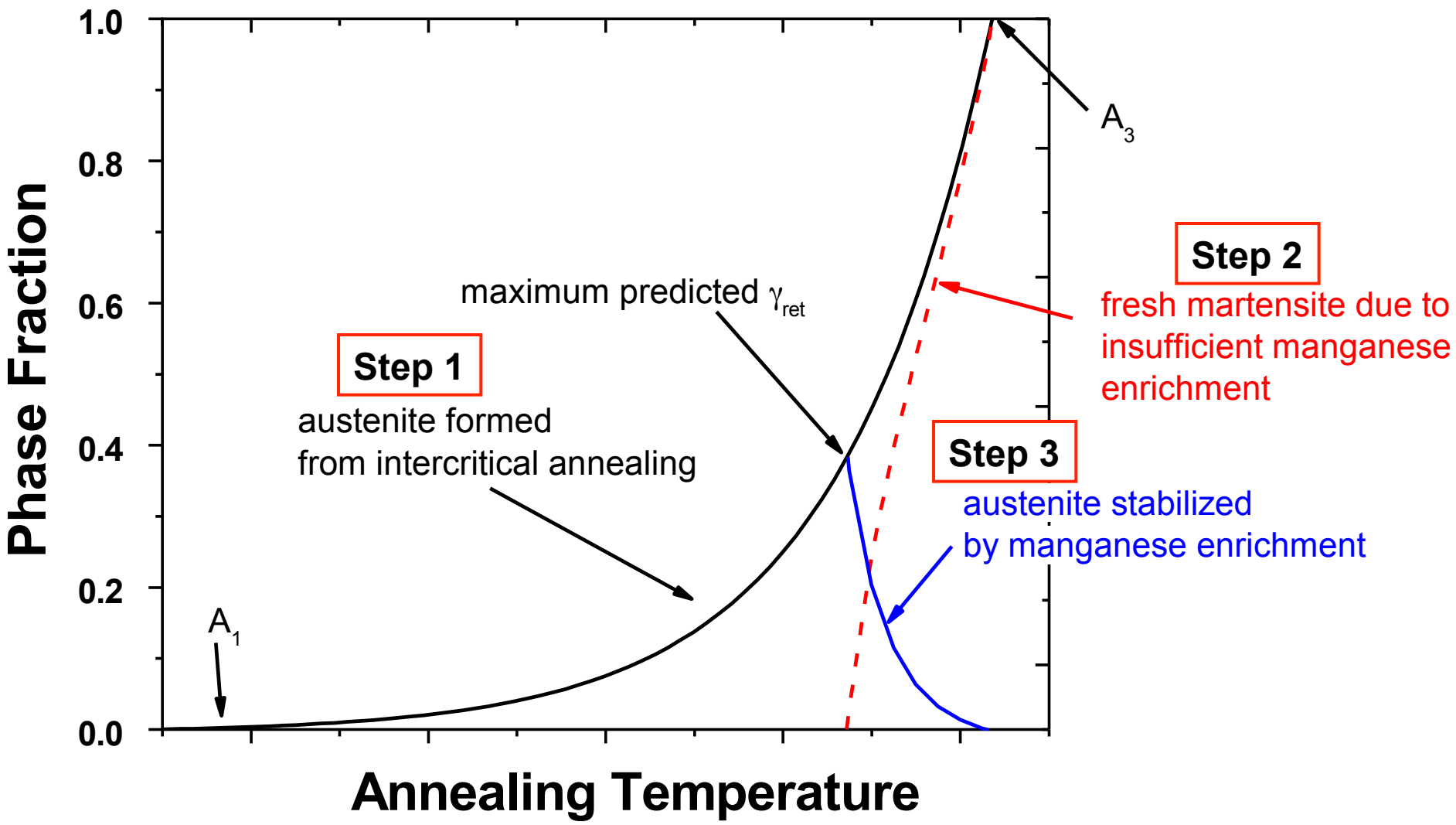


- “Ideal” partitioning
- Suppression of carbides
- Immobile  $\alpha/\gamma$  interfaces
- No bainite formation

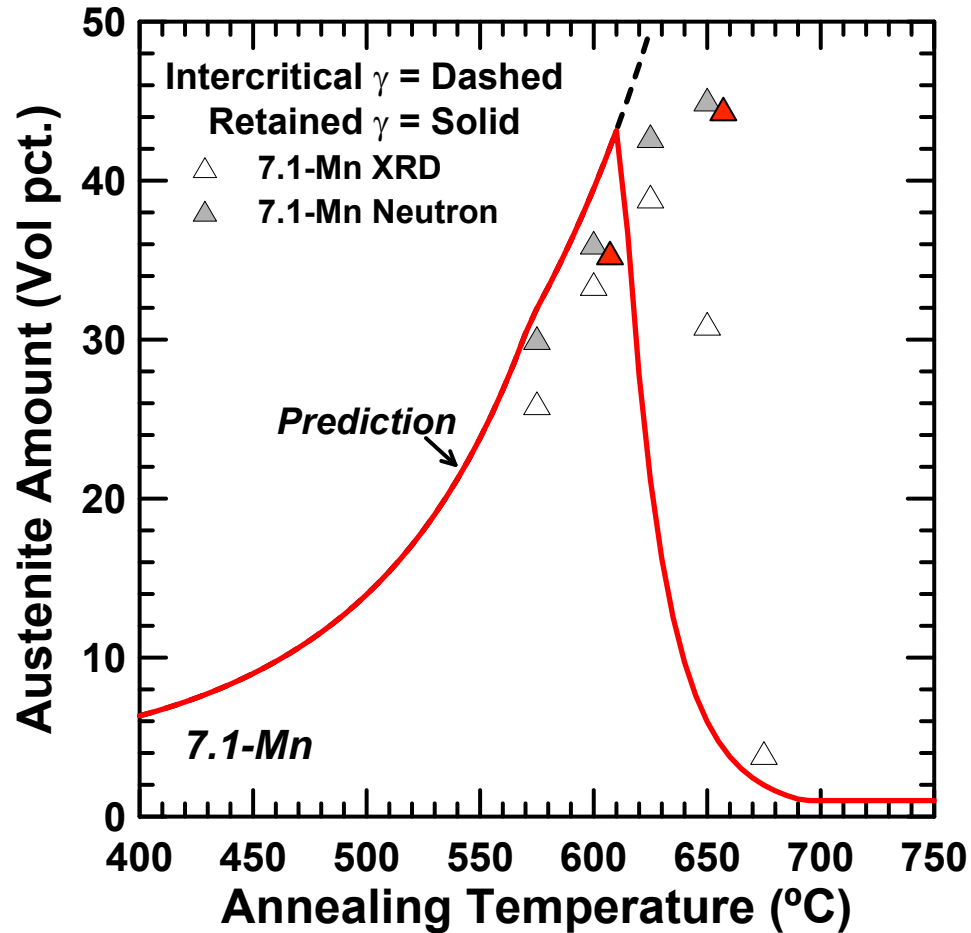
# **Parallel Concepts Applied to “Medium-Mn” Steels**

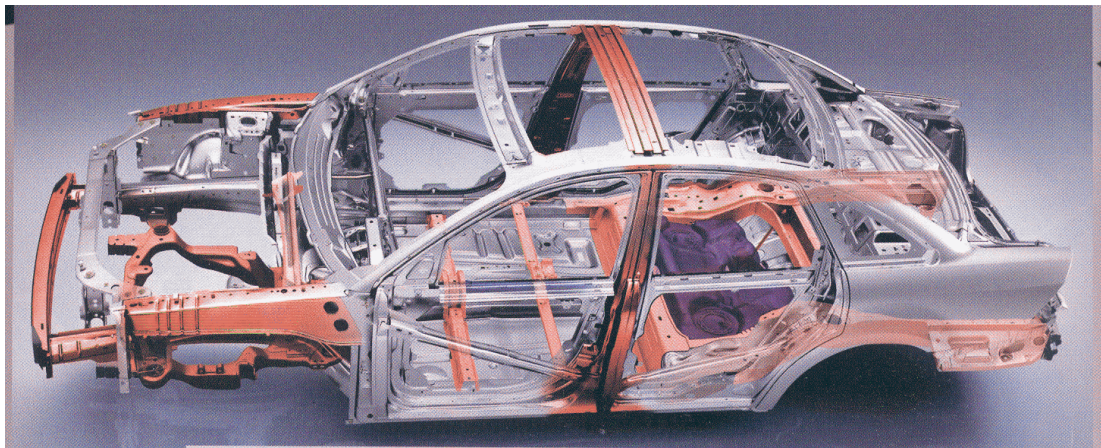


# Predicted Partitioning Behavior (Medium-Mn Steel)



# Retained Austenite vs. Annealing Temp.



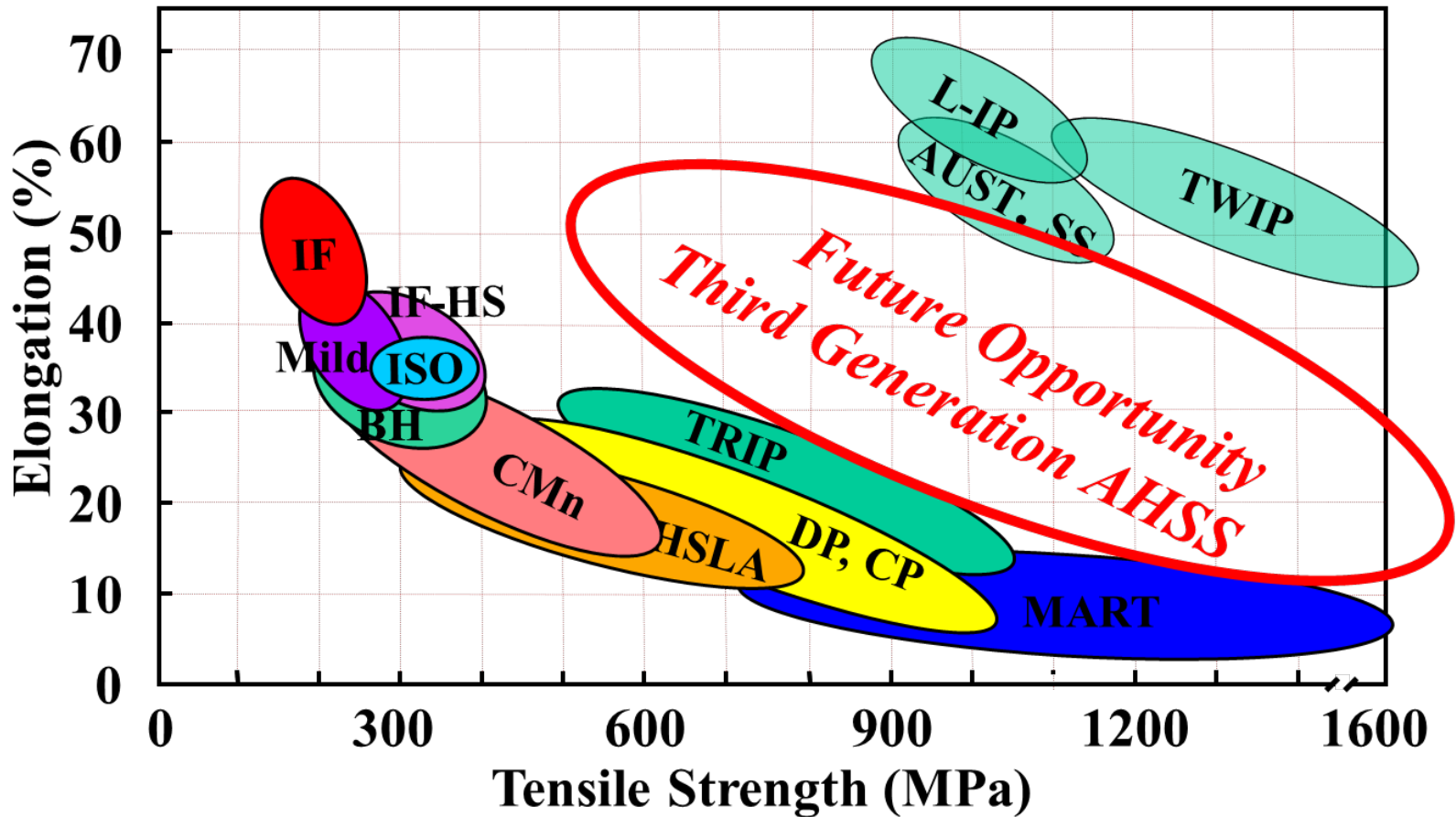


# Relevance to AHSS Needs and Development Philosophy

**Vehicle performance and weight reduction are driving steel research !**



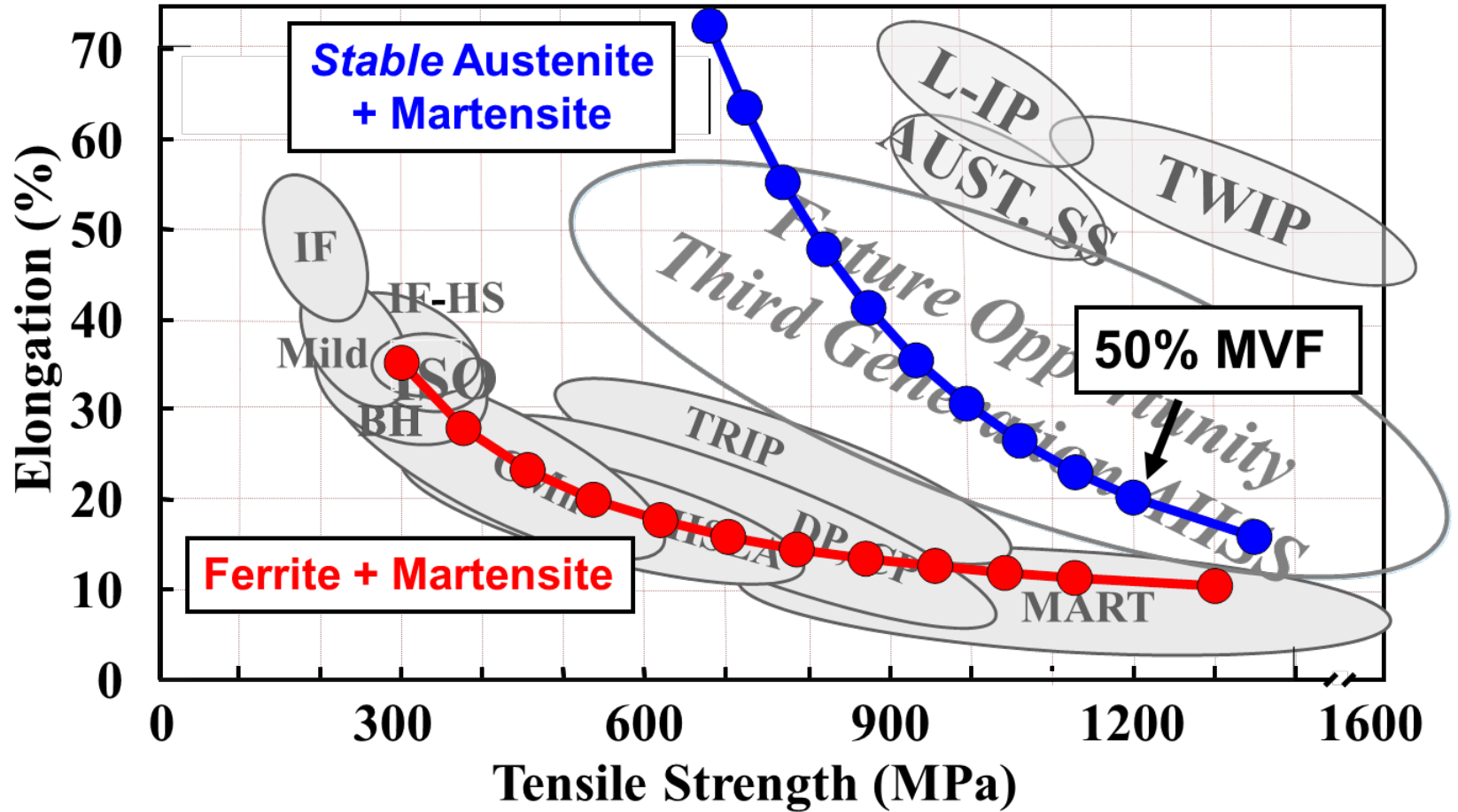
# “3<sup>rd</sup> Generation” AHSS



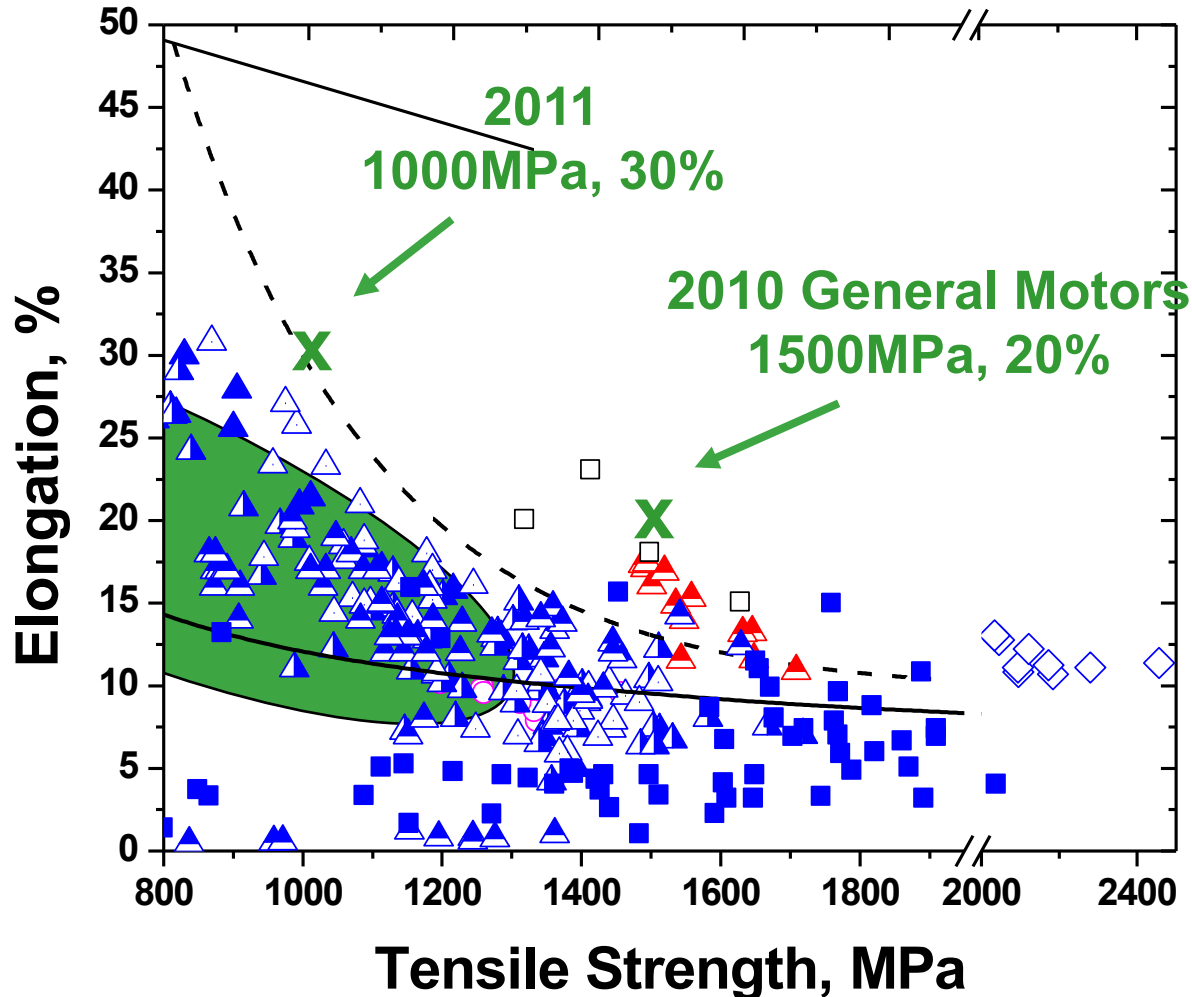
## The “Miracle” of Steel

- Anil K. Sachdev, General Motors, 2013

# How do we get there ?



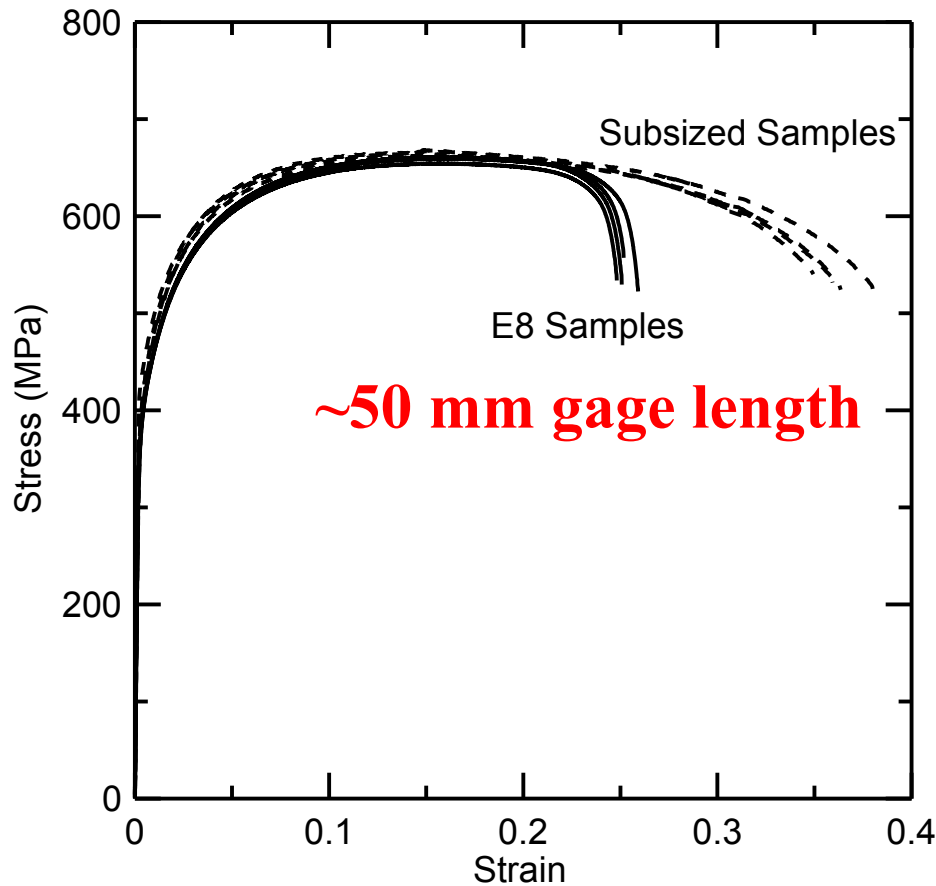
# “A Moving Target”



US – DOE Targets (2012) are even greater (30%/1200MPa and 25%/1500MPa)



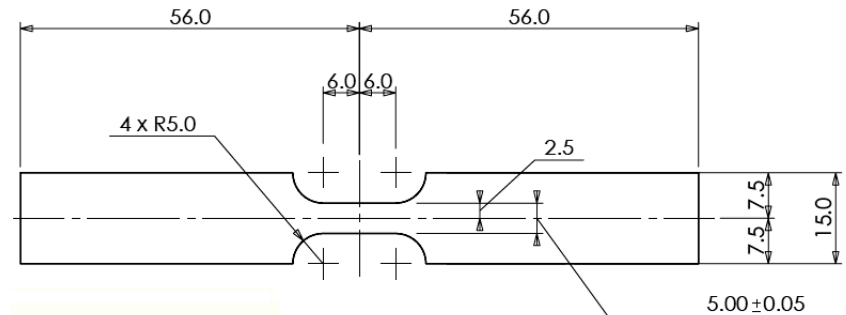
# Specimen Geometry Effects



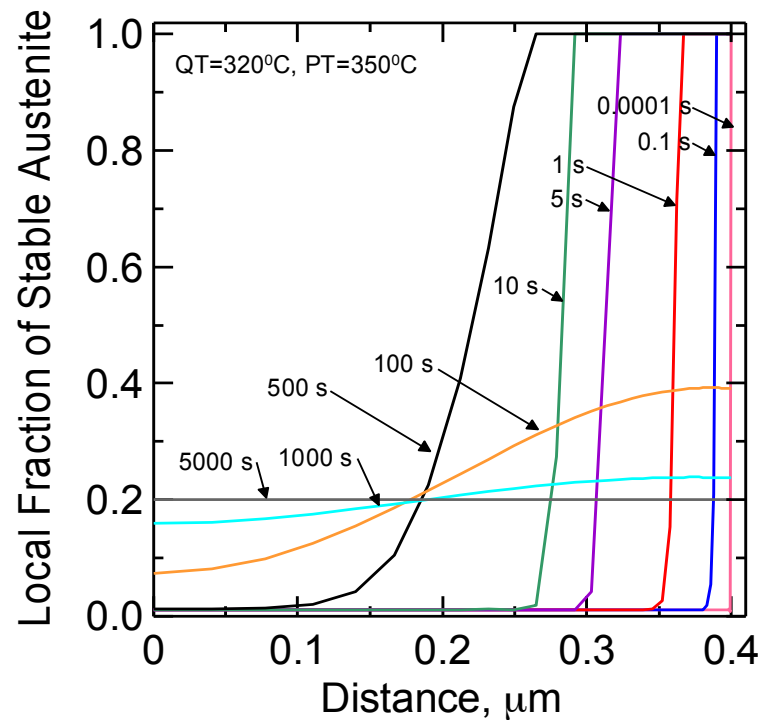
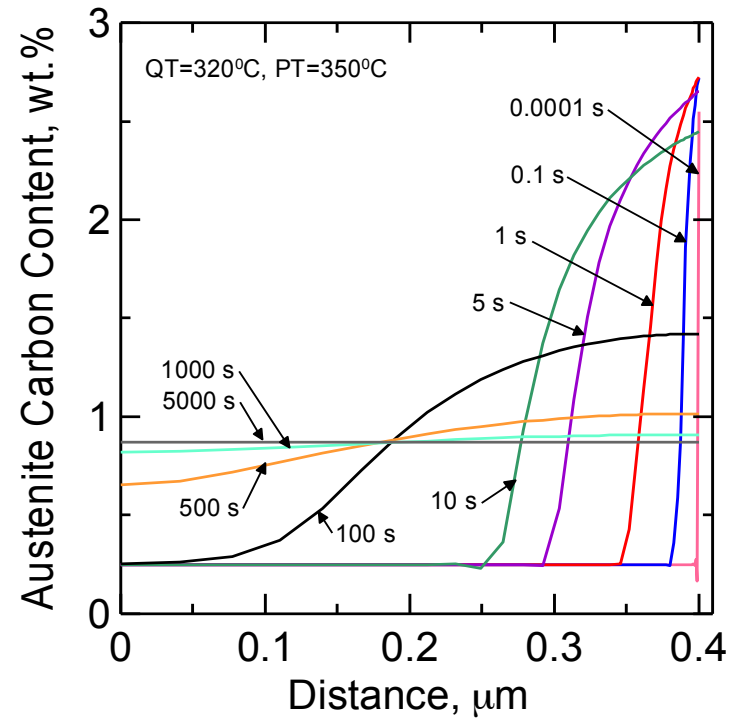
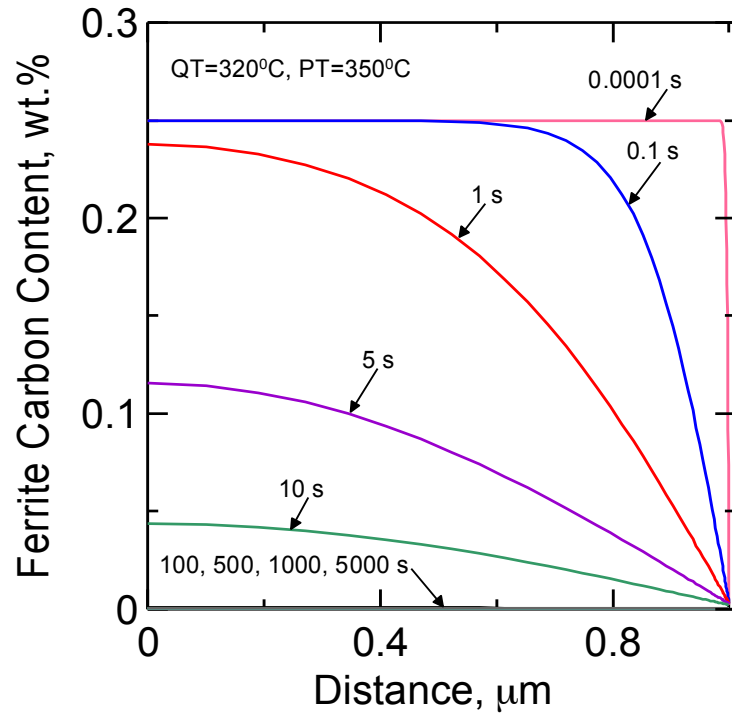
~12 mm gage length

~50 mm gage length

G.A. Thomas, M.S. Thesis, 2009.







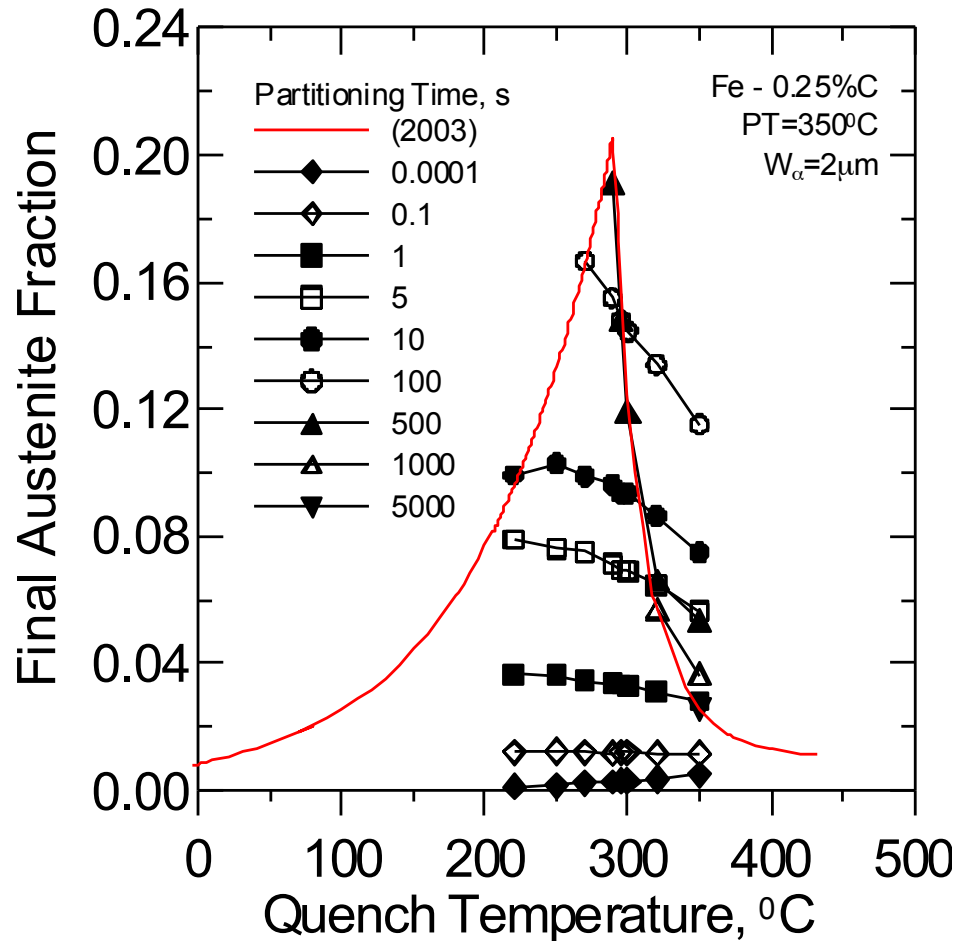
# Partitioning Kinetics

## DICTRA®

(Fe-.25C, 350°C)

Clarke, 2006.

# Partitioning Kinetics and Quench Temperature ?



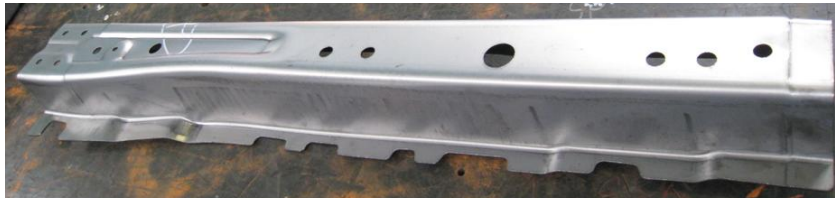
# Application of Q&P...



**B-pillar Reinforcement L/R**  
**Gauge: 2.0 mm**



**B-Pillar Inner**  
**Gauge: 1.2 mm**



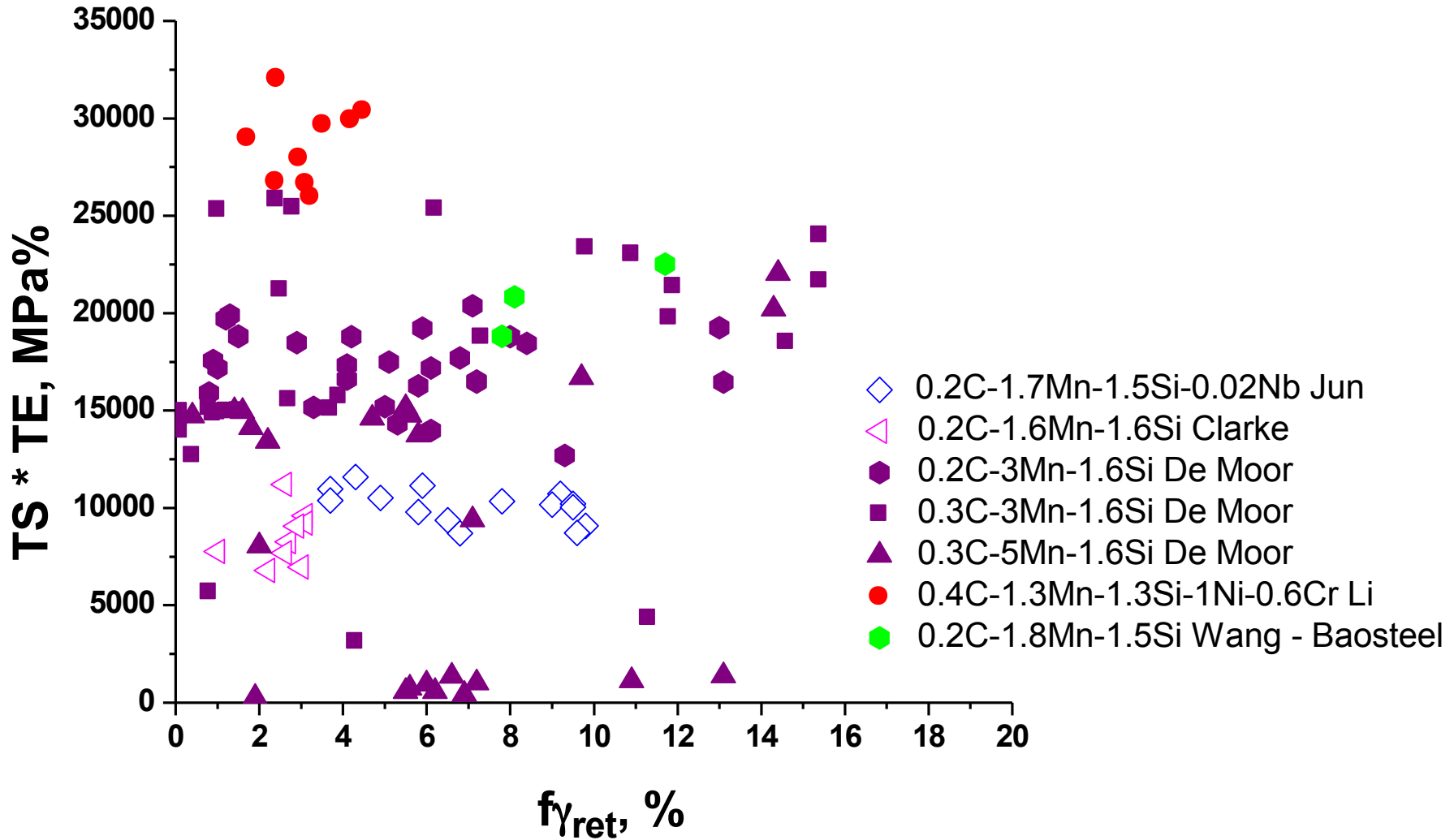
**Side Member Front Floor LH**  
**Gauge: 1.8 mm**



**Door Panel Inner L/R**  
**Gauge: 1.0 mm**

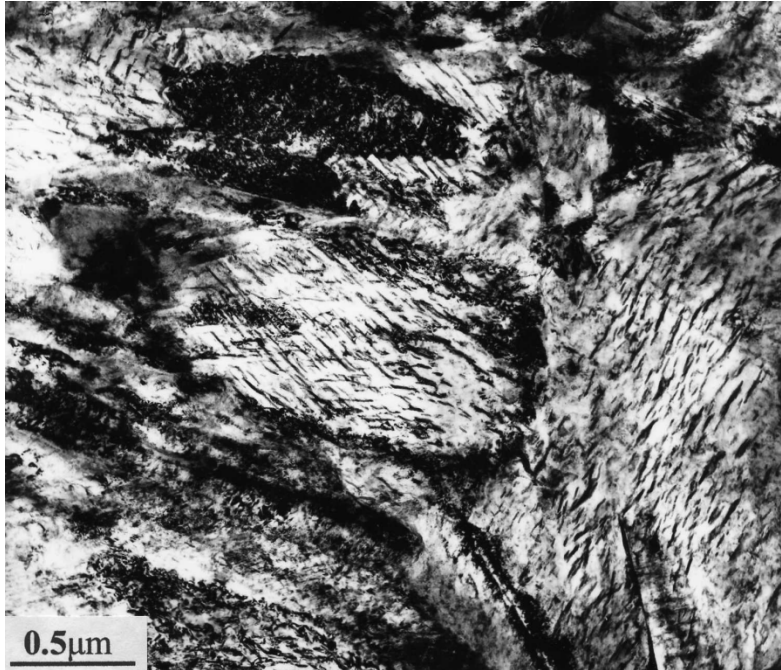
# **Some Curiosities, Challenges and Opportunities**

# Structure/Property Relationships Not Fully Understood...



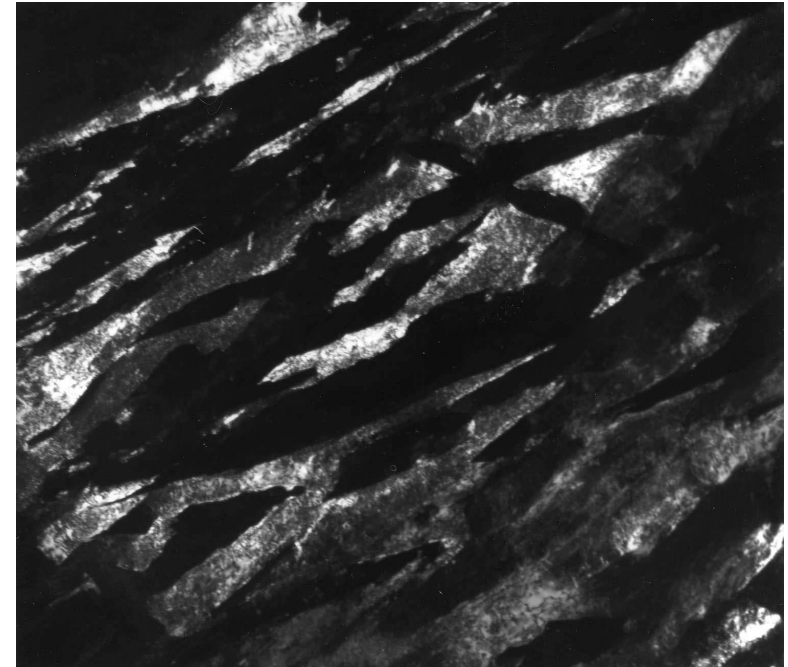
# Partitioning Temperature Effects in AISI 9260

QT 150°C, PT 250°C

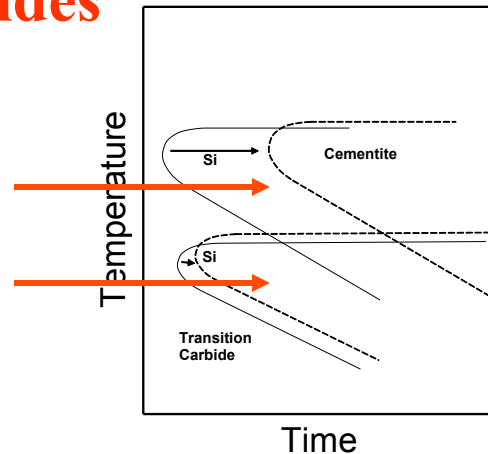


**Transition Carbides**

QT 190°C, PT 400°C



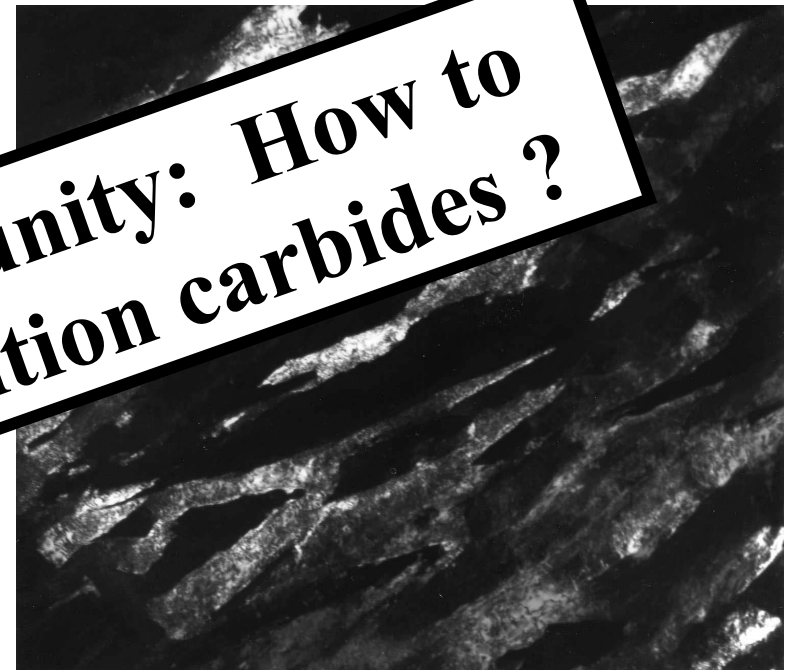
**Retained Austenite**



# Partitioning Temperature Effects in AISI 9260

QT 150°C, PT 250°C

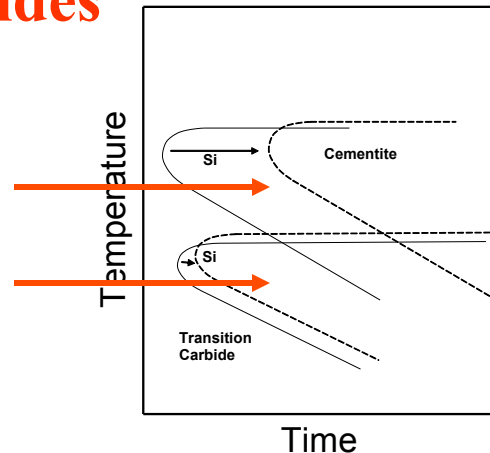
QT 190°C, PT 400°C



**Research Opportunity: How to destabilize transition carbides ?**

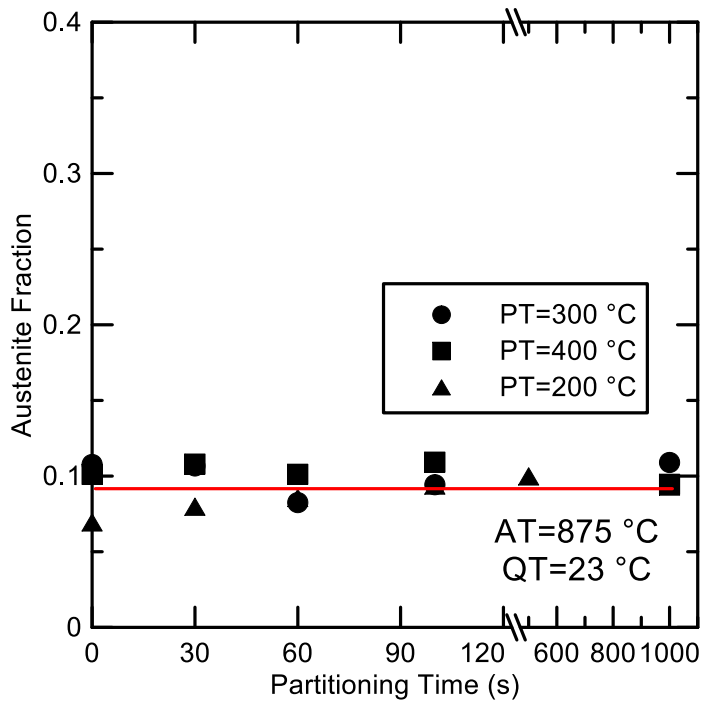
**Transition Carbides**

**Retained Austenite**

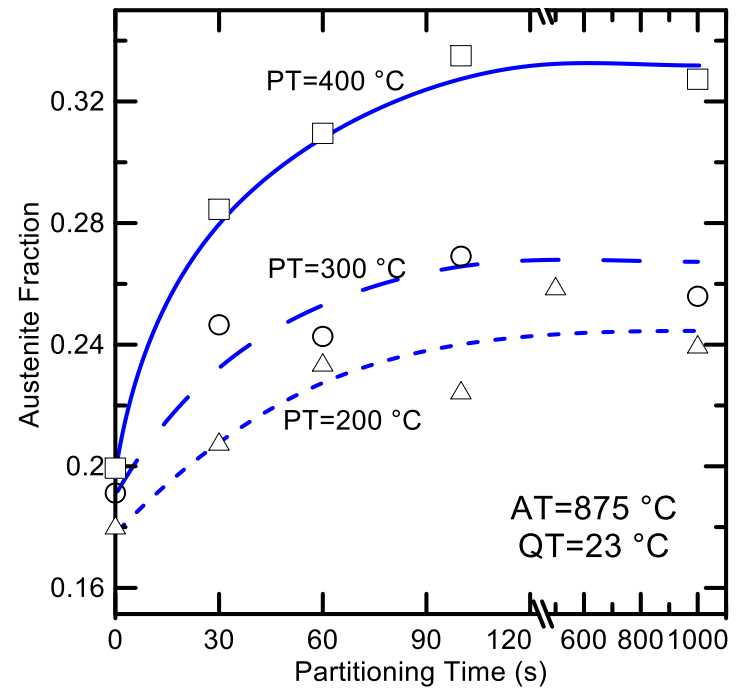


# $\gamma/\alpha'$ Interface: Stationary or Mobile ?

~ 0.3C, 14Ni

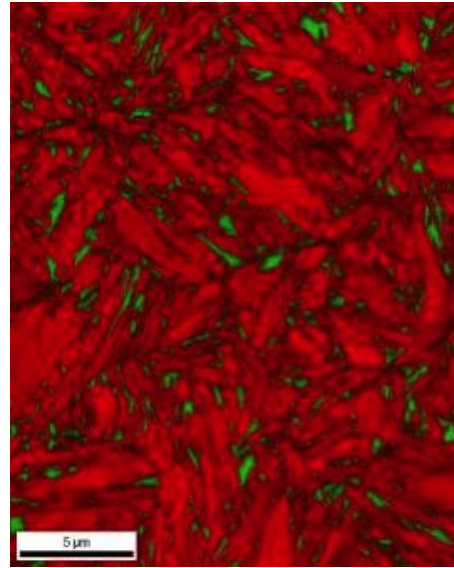
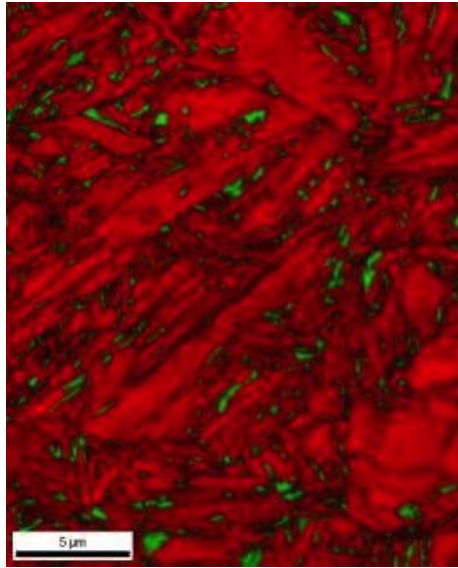


~ 0.3C, 8Mn





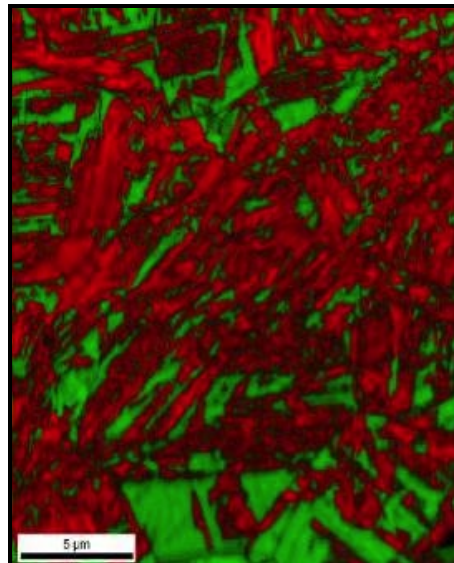
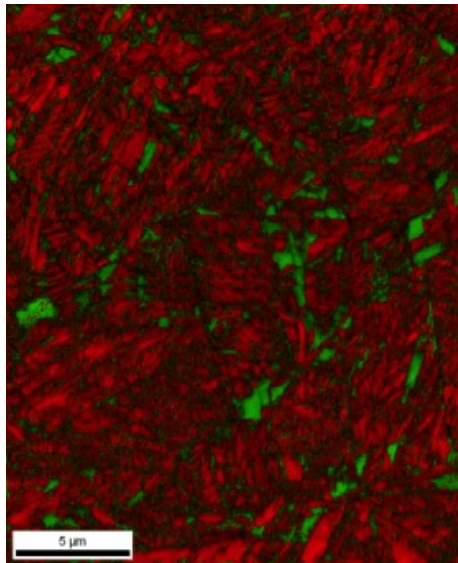
# Confirmation via EBSD Phase Maps



10  $\mu\text{m}$

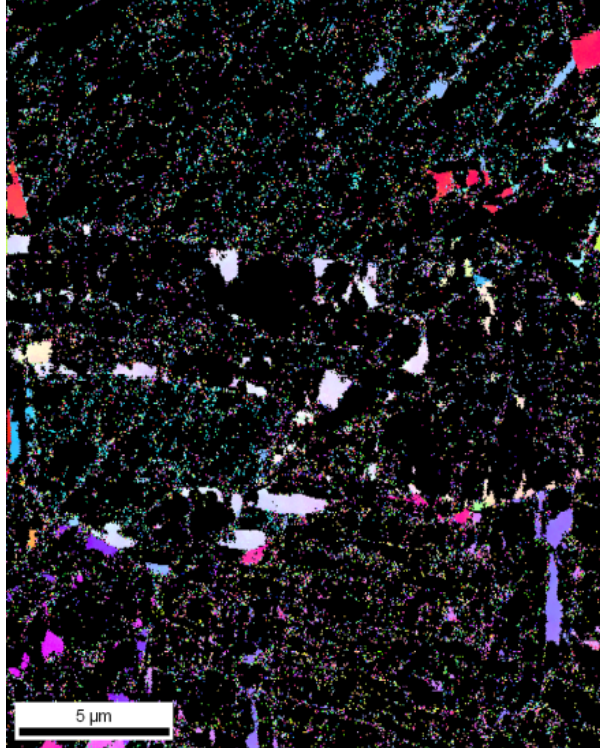


**$\sim 0.3\text{C}, 14\text{Ni}$**

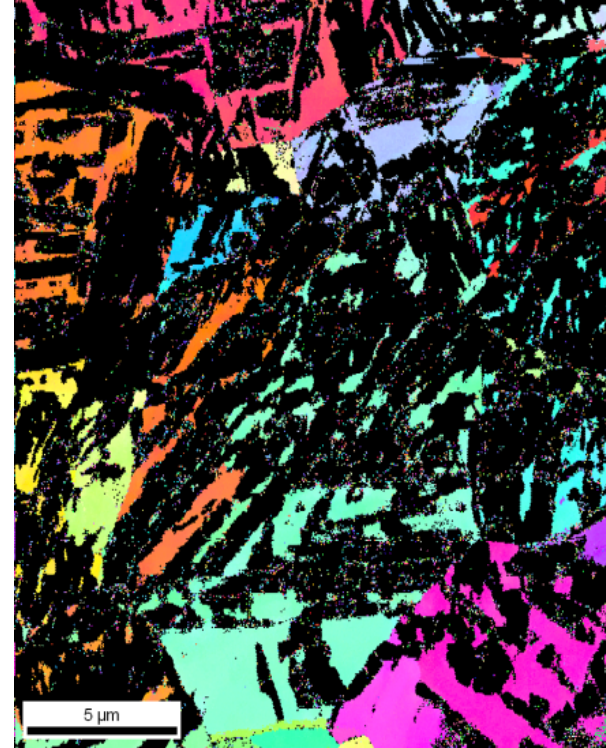


**$\sim 0.3\text{C}, 8\text{Ni}$**

# Austenite Growth...

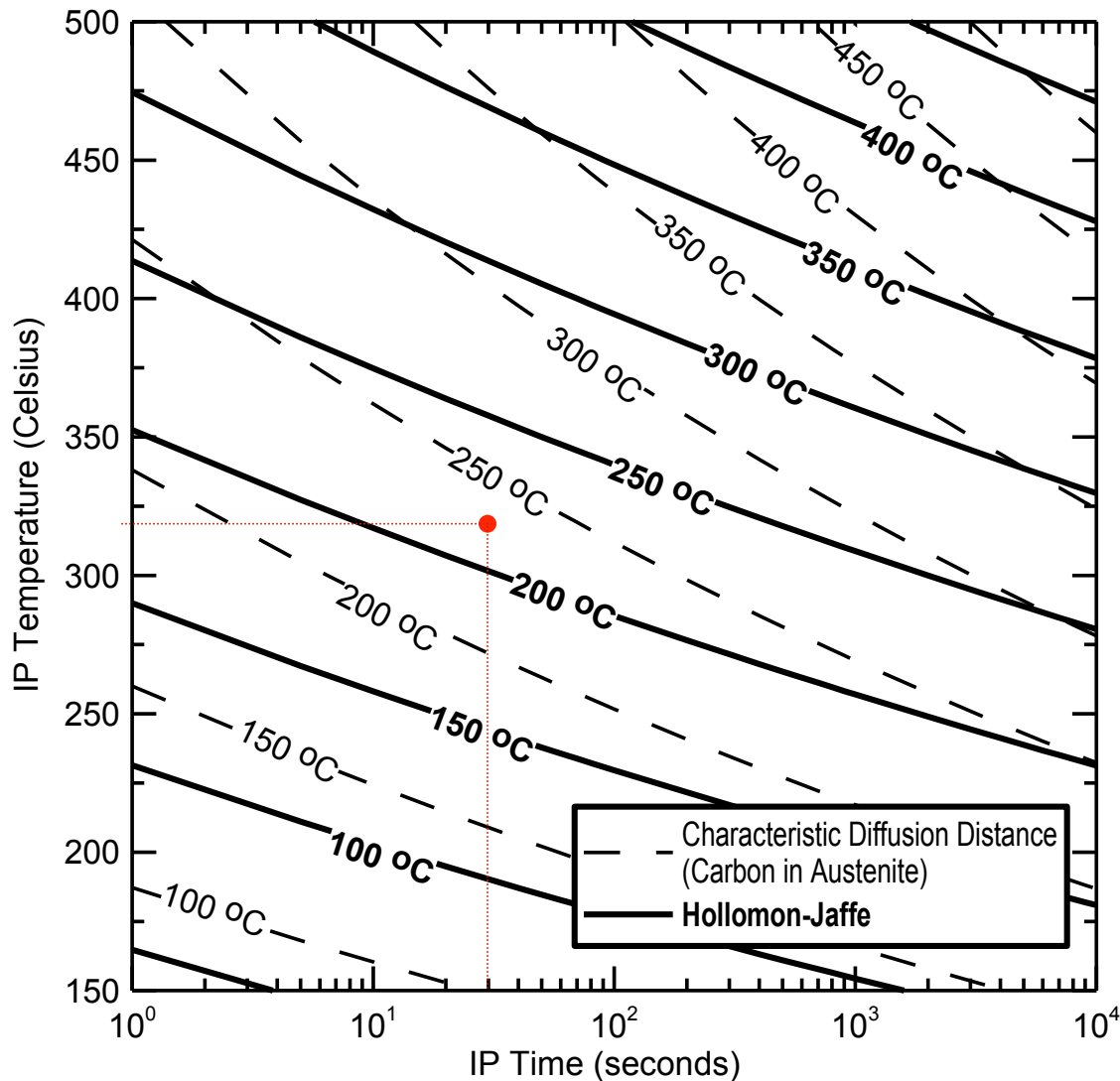


**As-Quenched**

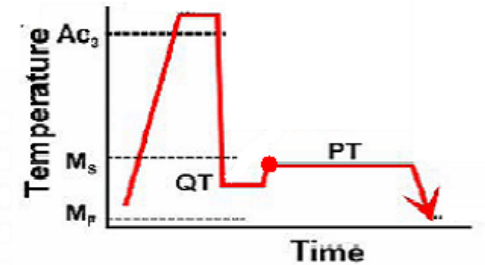


**Partitioned (400 °C, 60 s)**

# Time/Temperature “Equivalence” ...

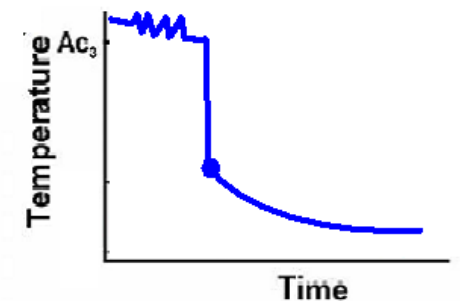


Annealed  
(conventional) Q&P



*isothermal*

Hot-rolled Q&P

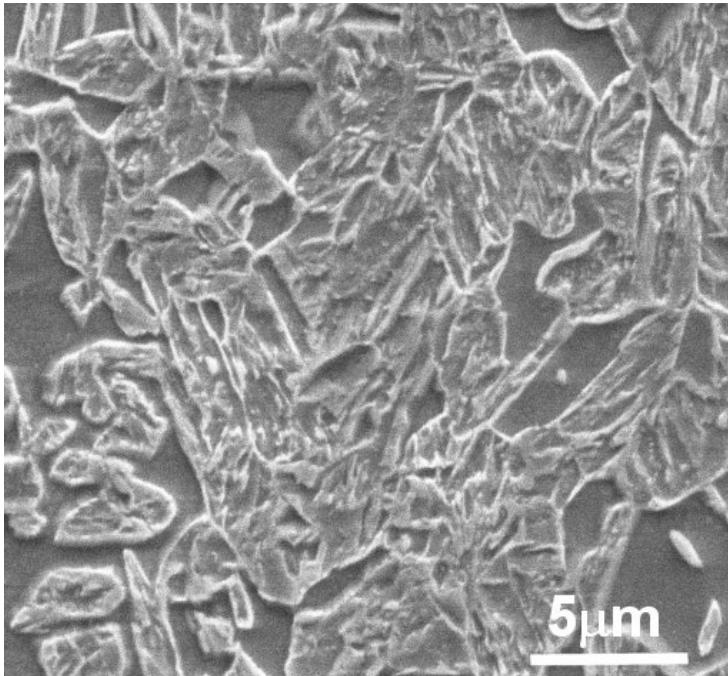
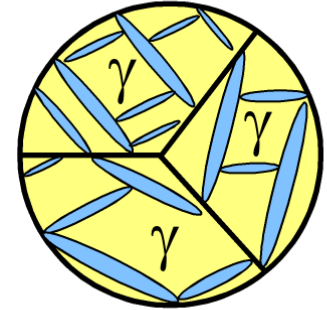


*non-isothermal*

# Summary

Q&P science and technology continue to advance.

Challenges & opportunities remain in both domains !



820°C-180s IAT, QT=200°C, PT/t=400°C-10s

Feng, 2010

