Architectured Microstructure in Steel

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Acknowledgements:

Ministry of Steel, Government of India and Indian Institute of Metals



Architecture and Microstructure



Integration is the key



Architecturing martensite morphology in DP steel





Reference: D. Das and P. P. Chattopadhyay, J. Mat. Sci., 44 (2009) 2957

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Objective

Architecturing DP microstructure by Micro-mechanical modeling



Voronoi Tessellation





Multi level Voronoi principles of the new algorithm



Ferrite contiguity parameter (FCP)= 0.31 Von Mises stress (VMS) distribution





Equivalent plastic strain (EPS) distribution









EPS distribution





FCP= 0.52





EPS distribution



FCP=0.54





9.7e+09 8.7e+08 7.6e+08 6.6e+08 5.5e+08 4.5e+08 3.4e+08 2.4e+081.4e+08

EPS distribution

0









EPS distribution



FCP=0.62

VMS distribution





EPS distribution

1.7e-01

1.3e-01

1.0e-01

6.8e-02

3.4e-02

0





Elasto-plastic Finite Element Formulation





Assumptions:

- 1. Bilinear Material behavior.
- 2. Plane strain condition.
- 3. Stress and strain calculation at centroid of linear strain triangle.

Elasto-plastic Finite Element Formulation-Elastic part









Test results



VMS distribution



EPS distribution



5.0E-02 3.0E-02 2.0E-02 1.0E-03 8.0E-04 7.0E-04 6.0E-04 5.0E-04

Conclusion

- Voronoi construction has been employed for development of architectured microstructure.
- Evolution of Von Mises stress and equivalent plastic strain has been estimated by micromechanical analysis.
- Suitable finite element code has been developed for its use as the objective function in the attempt of multi-objective optimization of microstructure.